









Home

About Us | Contacts | Services | Media Desk | Tenders | Vacancies

Site Map

Basic Guide to Sick Leave (Domestic Workers)

Workers may take up to 6 weeks of sick leave on full pay in a 3-year period. Employers may insist on proof of illness before paying a worker for sick leave.

Application

Sectoral Determination 7 applies to all domestic workers (including independent contractors and those employed by agencies), except domestic workers who -

- o work on farms; or
- · are covered by
 - o another sectoral determination, or
 - a bargaining council agreement.

The Basic Conditions of Employment Act applies in respect of any matter not covered by this sectoral determination.

See

Sectoral Determination 7: Domestic Workers

Special rules governing the employment of domestic workers

Number of Leave Days

An employee is entitled to 6 weeks paid sick leave in a period of 36 months.

However, during the first 6 months of employment, workers are only entitled to 1 days paid sick leave for every 26 days worked.

Proof of Illness

A medical certificate may be provided by a:

- · medical practitioner
- clinic nurse
- traditional healer
- o community health worker
- psychologist

An employer may require a medical certificate before paying workers who are absent for more than 2 consecutive days or who are often absent (more than twice in an 8-week period).

Fees that are paid for medical treatment by an employer may be deducted from the workers pay.

Related Links

· Basic Guide to Annual Leave (Domestic Workers)

Rules for annual leave as prescribed by Sectoral Determination 7 for domestic workers

• Basic Guide to Family Responsibility Leave (Domestic Workers)

Under Sectoral Determination 7, domestic workers may take paid leave to attend to certain family situations

Basic Guide to Maternity Leave (Domestic Workers)

Sectoral Determination 7 gives pregnant domestic workers the right to take maternity leave